

## Exercise 56

An American tourist visits Paris and must convert U.S. dollars to Euros, which can be done using the function  $E(x) = 0.79x$ , where  $x$  is the number of U.S. dollars and  $E(x)$  is the equivalent number of Euros. Since conversion rates fluctuate, when the tourist returns to the United States 2 weeks later, the conversion from Euros to U.S. dollars is  $D(x) = 1.245x$ , where  $x$  is the number of Euros and  $D(x)$  is the equivalent number of U.S. dollars.

- Find the composite function that converts directly from U.S. dollars to U.S. dollars via Euros. Did this tourist lose value in the conversion process?
- Use (a) to determine how many U.S. dollars the tourist would get back at the end of her trip if she converted an extra \$200 when she arrived in Paris.

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### Solution

#### Part (a)

Plug in the formula for Euros to the formula for dollars.

$$D(E(x)) = 1.245E(x) = 1.245(0.79x) = 0.98355x$$

The tourist loses value in the conversion process, getting about \$98.36 after the trip for every \$100 dollars converted to Euros before the trip.

#### Part (b)

Converting an extra \$200 to Euros will result in

$$D(E(200)) = 0.98355(200) = \$196.71$$

after two weeks when she converts back to dollars.